Sun Life Malaysia Balanced Stable Fund

April 2025



FUND OBJECTIVE

To provide a mixed exposure into equities and bonds, with higher allocation in bonds.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY & APPROACH

The fund will feed into Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund and Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund according to a predefined asset allocation.

The Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund combines a top down asset and sector allocation process with a bottom—up stock selection process. The asset allocation process is made after a review of macroeconomic trends in Malaysia and for the major economies. In particular, we consider the direction of GDP growth, interest rates, inflation, currencies and government policies. We next assess their impact on the various sectors, together with sector specific parameters to predict any discernible trends or themes. These trends or themes form the basis of our sector selection. Stock selection is based upon improving fundamentals and attractive relative valuations. Rising investor sentiment is an additional criterion. While we use a number of valuation methodologies, the price-earnings ratio is still preferred.

For the Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund, the strategy will be reviewed periodically based on the country's economic and bond outlook. We will adopt an active trading strategy and will be especially selective in buying and selling of securities for the Fund. We formulate an interest rate outlook through examining factors such as the Malaysian inflation rate, monetary policies and economic growth. With an interest rate outlook and yield curve analysis, we identify the weighting of the investment tenure and credit rating for the Fund. As part of the risk management strategy, the Fund is constructed and managed within the predetermined guidelines. Essentially, we monitor the bond portfolio according to duration, credit ratings and sector.

FUND DETAILS					
Launch Date	20 October 2008	Domicile	Malaysia		
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000		
Units in Circulation	1.09 million units (30 April 2025)	Fund Size	RM1.99 million (30 April 2025)		
Unit NAV	RM1.8310 (30 April 2025)	Performance Benchmark	25% FBM100 + 75% 12 month FD		
Fund Manager	Principal Asset Management Bhd	Frequency and Basis of Unit Valuation	The unit price is determined daily based on value of the holdings in the target fund, net of expenses, divided by the total number of units in that fund		
Taxation	8% of annual investment income	Other Charges	Inclusive of auditor fee		
Target Market	Suitable for investors: Want a diversified portfolio in equities but higher exposure in bonds Prefer less volatile performance and want slightly higher gains than bond return	Fund Management Charge	The fund will feed into Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund and Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund which applies the following fund management charges: Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund: 1.5% p.a Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund: 1.0% p.a There are no other fund management charges on this fund		

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ASSET ALLOCATION

Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund

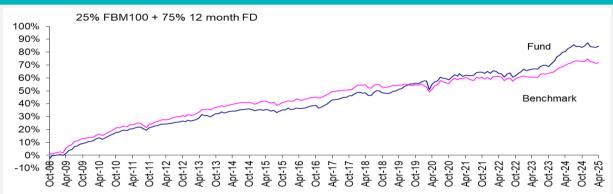
Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund

75.00% 25.00%

WHERE THE FUND INVESTS

Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund	Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund	Cash	Total	
74.70%	25.31%	-0.01%	100.00%	

PERFORMANCE RECORD



%	YTD	1M	1-Year	3-Years	5-Years	10-Years	Since Inception
Fund*	-1.41	0.41	2.23	12.90	18.87	36.10	84.61
Benchmark	-1.63	0.34	1.26	6.53	13.60	21.04	72.04

^{*} Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Source: Lipper

FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

In April 2025, the Fund's performance increased by 0.41%, outperforming the benchmark by 0.07%.

The KLCI rose 1.8% in April 2025 (+4.6% in USD terms). The index appeared to have fully recovered from the "Liberation Day" sell-off. Investors sentiment was mainly buoyed by hopes of the US dialing back on tariffs against major trading nations, therefore easing concerns on the derailment of global trade and prospects of a recession. Gainers were led by Telcos, Consumer and Healthcare, while main laggards were Energy and Transport. Within the broader market, Tech continues to languish.

Malaysia's manufacturing sector moderated further in April, with a softer PMI reading of 48.6pts vs 48.8pts in the previous month. S&P Global stated that demand conditions remain subdued while firms opted to work through backlogs in the absence of new orders while also scaling back employment, purchases and stock holdings. Inflation pressure trended downwards once again in April but only mildly. Business confidence slipped to the lowest level since July 2023, with firms expressing concerns about the potential adverse impacts of muted global economy and US tariffs. The latest PMI data still suggests modest growth in GDP for 1Q25 – advanced estimates show MY GDP grew 4.4% in 1Q25. To recap, Malaysia's GDP grew by 5% in 4Q24 and 5.1% for 2024. BNM maintained its GDP growth forecast of 4.5-5.5% in 2025 during the recent briefing but highlighted potential risk to growth due to the trade restrictions.

Local government bond market rallied in April, following a steepening trend in the US Treasuries as the market began pricing in the potential impacts from the retaliatory tariffs which could result in slower global growth. The Malaysian Government Securities ("MGS") yield curve steepened with the 3-year moving lower by 21 bps, while the 10-year and 30-year adjusted lower by 12bps and 8bps, respectively. The Malaysian Government Investment Issue ("MGII") yields also shifted lower during the month between 8 to 18bps throughout the curve.

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RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

Market risk is the risk of negative movement that affects the price of all assets in a particular capital market. The factors influencing the performance of the markets include: Economic and financial market conditions Political change Broad investor sentiment Movements in interest rate and inflation Market risk Currency risks Stock and/or securities values fluctuate in response to the activities and performance of individual companies and general market or economic conditions. Such movements in the underlying values of the share of the investment portfolio will cause the NAV or prices of units to fall as well as rise. Market risk is mitigated through careful selection of securities and diversification through spreading of risk across a basket of assets and/or sectors. Interest rates are inclined to fluctuate over time. A rise in the general level of interest rates will result in a decline of the value of all bonds and fixed interest securities. Hence a bond fund's NAV Interest rate risk will most probably decrease with the rise of interest rates. Maintaining an appropriate diverse mix of assets with different yield and maturity profiles will lessen the impact of interest rate risk. Liquidity risk is defined as the ease with which a security can be sold at or near its fair value depending on the volumes traded on the market. Liquidity risk is mitigated through the Liquidity risk selection of stocks with an active trading volume in the open market. This ensures that exit strategies can be executed with little/minimal impacts to price fluctuations. There are many specific risks, which apply to individual companies or securities. Examples include the possible effect on a company of losing a key executive or the unforeseen entry of a **Company or** security specific new competitor into the market. The risk is mitigated by conducting in-house periodic reviews and analysis. In-house analysis is then supplemented by periodic reviews from rating risk agencies and market analysts. Credit risk refers to an issuer's ability to make timely payments of profit and principal. In the event that the issuer of the instrument is faced with financial difficulties, leading to a decrease in their credit worthiness (i.e Bond prices will change/drop in the event of rating downgrade) and **Credit risk**

default in the payment of profit and principal, the value of the fund may be adversely affected. Credit risk is mitigated by conducting in-house periodic reviews and analysis. In-house analysis is then supplemented by periodic reviews from rating agencies and market analysts.

Source: Principal Asset Management Bhd

Date : 30 April 2025

Disclaimer:

This is strictly the performance of the investment fund, and not the returns earned on the actual premiums paid of the investment-linked product. Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.