February 2025



FUND OBJECTIVE

To provide capital appreciation through investments in collective investment scheme, which invests primarily in a diversified portfolio of technology related companies.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY & APPROACH

Please refer to the Master Fund Fact Sheets at https://www.sunlifemalaysia.com/insurance-and-takaful/investment-linked-fund/yearly-fund-fact-sheet/ for more information on the Investment Strategy and Approach for the target fund.

FUND DETAILS			
Launch Date	01 June 2022	Domicile	Malaysia
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000
Units in Circulation	64.79 million units (28 February 2025)	Fund Size	RM99.84 million (28 February 2025)
Unit NAV	RM1.5410 (28 February 2025)	Target Fund	Principal Global Technology Fund - Class MYR - Hedged
Fund Manager	Principal Asset Management Bhd	Taxation	8% of annual investment income
Performance Benchmark	MSCI World Information Technology Index	Frequency and Basis of Unit Valuation	The unit price is determined daily based on value of the holdings in the target fund, net of expenses, divided by the total number of units in that fund
Target Market	Suitable for investors: Are sophisticated investors Have a long term investment horizon Seek capital appreciation from investment in predominantly equity securities Want exposure to the technology sector	Fund Management Charge	 Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia Global Technology Fund Up to 1.8% of per annum fund management charge is applied on the target fund's NAV by Principal Asset Management Bhd

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND	
Master fund	Liquid assets
Minimum of 95% of Net Asset Value (NAV)	Maximum of 5% of NAV

February 2025



SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND				
Semiconductors	26.32%			
Application Software	16.98%			
Others	16.78%			
Systems Software	16.43%			
Internet Services & Infrastructure	6.66%			
Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	5.77%			
Semiconductor Materials & Equipment	4.82%			
Interactive Media & Services	4.45%			
Cash	1.79%			
Total	100.00%			

TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND				
NVIDIA Corporation (United States)	8.79%			
Microsoft Corporation (United States)	7.71%			
Broadcom Inc (United States)	6.23%			
Amazon.com Inc (United States)	4.43%			
Apple Inc (United States)	4.28%			
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing(Taiwan)	3.29%			
ServiceNow Inc (United States)	2.81%			
Synopsys Inc (United States)	2.54%			
Salesforce Inc (United States)	2.24%			
Mastercard Inc (United States)	2.13%			
Total	44.45%			

PERFORMANCE RECORD

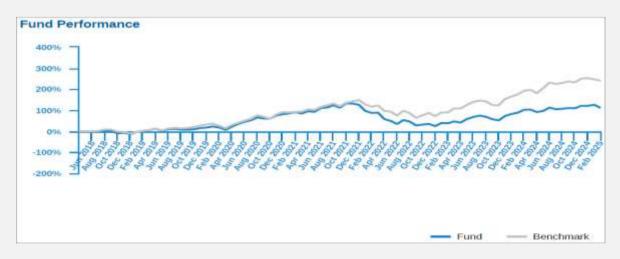
The fund feeds into Principal Global Technology Fund - Class MYR - Hedged ("target fund") with the aim of providing capital appreciation through investments in one collective investment scheme, which invests primarily in a diversified portfolio of technology related companies.

Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia Global Technology Fund versus its benchmark as at 28 February 2025:

%	YTD	1M	ЗМ	6 M	1-Year	3-Years	Since Inception
Fund*	-3.45	-5.49	-3.56	2.91	5.22	N/A	54.10
Benchmark	-3.30	-1.84	-2.59	3.43	16.52	N/A	95.07

^{*} Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Graph below shows the historical performance of the underlying collective investment schemes (CIS) for calendar year returns:



Source: Lipper

February 2025



FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

The Fund declined 5.49% during the month, underperformed the benchmark by 3.65%.

Global equities collectively declined in February 2025 after starting the year on a strong note. Amid investor concerns about US economic growth and President Donald Trump's tariff plans, US stocks retreated and pulled developed market stocks and the broader global equity market lower. On the economic front, global manufacturing activity expanded in February for the second consecutive month, and flash reports showed global services activity growing in several regions.

The information technology (IT) sector remained in negative territory through February with IT services faring worst of all and communication services sector fared worse than IT. Fresh inflation data also stoked unease about higher interest rates, which tend to negatively impact growth stocks like those in the IT sector. The US government announced new tariffs on imports. The new tariffs added to uncertainty and were widely seen as a source of increased costs for technology-focused companies reliant on global supply chains.

Despite recent equity market volatility, we still expect a generally favorable market backdrop to emerge in 2025. Stable monetary policy, potential deregulation, and Al-driven productivity gains could add to a generally healthy economic picture in the United States.

February 2025



RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Returns not guaranteed	The investment of the target fund is subject to market fluctuations and its inherent risk. There is NO GUARANTEE on the investment returns, nor any assurance that the target fund's investment objective will be achieved.
Market risk	The value of an investment will decrease or increase due to changes in market factors i.e. economic, political or other events that impact large portions of the market. Market risk cannot be eliminated, hence the target fund's investment portfolio may be prone to changing market conditions that may result in uncertainties and fluctuations in the value of the underlying of the target fund's investment portfolio, causing the NAV or prices of units to fluctuate.
Inflation risk	This is the risk of your investment in the target fund not growing or generating income at a rate that keeps pace with inflation. This would reduce your purchasing power even though the nominal value of the investment in monetary terms has increased.
Currency risk	Currency risk is applicable to class(es) (e.g. Class MYR) which is in a different currency than the base currency of the Fund (i.e. USD). The impact of the exchange rate movement between the base currency of the fund and the currency denomination of the respective classes may result in a depreciation of the value of your holdings as expressed in the base currency. As for the hedged class, the class itself provides mitigation to the currency risk arising from the difference between the currency denomination of the class and the base currency. While Principal aims to fully hedge the currency risk for a hedged class, you should note that it may not entirely eliminate currency risk. In addition, as a result of hedging, a hedged class will not be able to enjoy the full benefits of the currency movement in the event of a favourable movement of the currency denomination of the hedged class against the base currency of the fund. You should also note that hedging incurs costs which will impact the NAV of a hedged Class.
Manager's risk	Since the target fund invests into a collective investment scheme (CIS) managed by another manager, the master fund's manager has absolute discretion over the target fund's investment technique and knowledge, operational controls and management. In the event of mismanagement of the master fund, the NAV of the target fund, which invests into the master fund would be affected negatively.
Country risk	As the target fund invests in the master fund which is domiciled in Luxembourg, the target fund's investments in the master fund may be affected by risks specific to Luxembourg. Changes to laws and regulations of Luxembourg may have an adverse impact on the master fund, and consequently the target fund.

February 2025



RISKS (CONTINUED)

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

Biotechnology, Communication and Technology Sectors Investment in the biotechnology, communication and technology sectors may present a greater risk and a higher volatility than investment in a broader range of securities covering different economic sectors. In addition, these sectors may be subject to greater government regulation than other sectors and, as a result, changes to such government regulation may have a material adverse effect on these sectors. Such investments may therefore drop sharply in value in response to market, regulatory or research setbacks in addition to possible adverse effects from the competition of new market entrants, patent considerations and product obsolescence. Particularly within technology, short product cycles and diminishing profit margins are additional factors to consider when investing.

Source : Principal Asset Management Bhd

Date : 28 February 2025

Disclaimer:

This is strictly the performance of the investment fund, and not the returns earned on the actual premiums paid of the investment-linked product. Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.