

# Sun Life Malaysia Islamic Bond Fund

February 2026



## FUND OBJECTIVE

To achieve higher returns than the benchmark over the medium to long term while preserving capital and providing opportunity for income.

## INVESTMENT STRATEGY & APPROACH

Please refer to the Yearly Fund Fact Sheets at <https://www.sunlifemalaysia.com/insurance-and-takaful/investment-linked-fund/yearly-fund-fact-sheet/> for more information on the Investment Strategy and Approach of the target fund.

## FUND DETAILS

|                       |  |                                       |   |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| Launch Date           | 01 December 2009   | Domicile                              | Malaysia  |
| Currency              | Ringgit Malaysia   | Launch Price                          | RM1.0000  |
| Units in Circulation  | 19.70 million units  | Fund Size                             | RM34.59 million   |
| Unit NAV              | RM1.7563   | Target Fund                           | Opus Shariah Income Fund  |
| Fund Manager          | Opus Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd  | Taxation                              | 8% of annual investment income  |
| Performance Benchmark | Maybank 12-Month Islamic Fixed Deposit Rate  | Frequency and Basis of Unit Valuation | The unit price determined daily based on the value of our holdings in the target fund, net of expenses, divided by the total number of units in that fund |
| Target Market         | Suitable for investors: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Have a medium to long term investment time frame</li><li>▪ Are seeking stability in income through investment in Malaysian Shariah-compliant bonds (sukuk)</li><li>▪ Are looking for a less volatile investment but can accept lower returns which may fluctuate over the short term</li></ul> | Fund Management Charge                | Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia Islamic Bond Fund.  |

## ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

| Sukuk, Islamic Money Market Instruments & Islamic Placement of Deposits | Other Permitted Investment |
|---|----------------------------|
| Minimum of 70% Net Asset Value (NAV)                                    | Maximum 30% of NAV         |

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## SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

|                    |         |
|--------------------|---------|
| Power              | 22.35%  |
| Toll Road          | 20.81%  |
| Property           | 12.59%  |
| Finance            | 9.76%   |
| Plantation         | 7.41%   |
| Water              | 6.80%   |
| Bank               | 6.10%   |
| Investment Holding | 3.09%   |
| Industrial         | 1.89%   |
| Auto               | 1.84%   |
| Health Care        | 0.94%   |
| Transport / Port   | 0.93%   |
| Cash               | 5.49%   |
| Total              | 100.00% |

## TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND

| Sukuk Issuer     | Coupon | Maturity Date | Rating | %     |
|------------------|--------|---------------|--------|-------|
| Air Selangor SRI | 5.28%  | 24.07.37      | AAA    | 6.80  |
| KESTURI          | 4.75%  | 02.12.27      | AA-    | 5.30  |
| YTL Pwr          | 4.99%  | 24.03.33      | AAA    | 5.00  |
| KESTURI          | 4.75%  | 02.12.26      | AA-    | 4.80  |
| LBS Bina (SRI)   | 4.81%  | 23.01.32      | AA-    | 4.80  |
| Credit Profile   |        |               |        | %     |
| AAA              |        |               |        | 39.34 |
| AA1              |        |               |        | 7.51  |
| AA2              |        |               |        | 18.66 |
| AA3              |        |               |        | 28.99 |
| Cash             |        |               |        | 5.49  |

## PERFORMANCE RECORD

This fund feeds into Opus Shariah Income Fund ("Target Fund") with the objective to achieve higher returns than the benchmark over the medium to long term while preserving capital and providing opportunity for income.

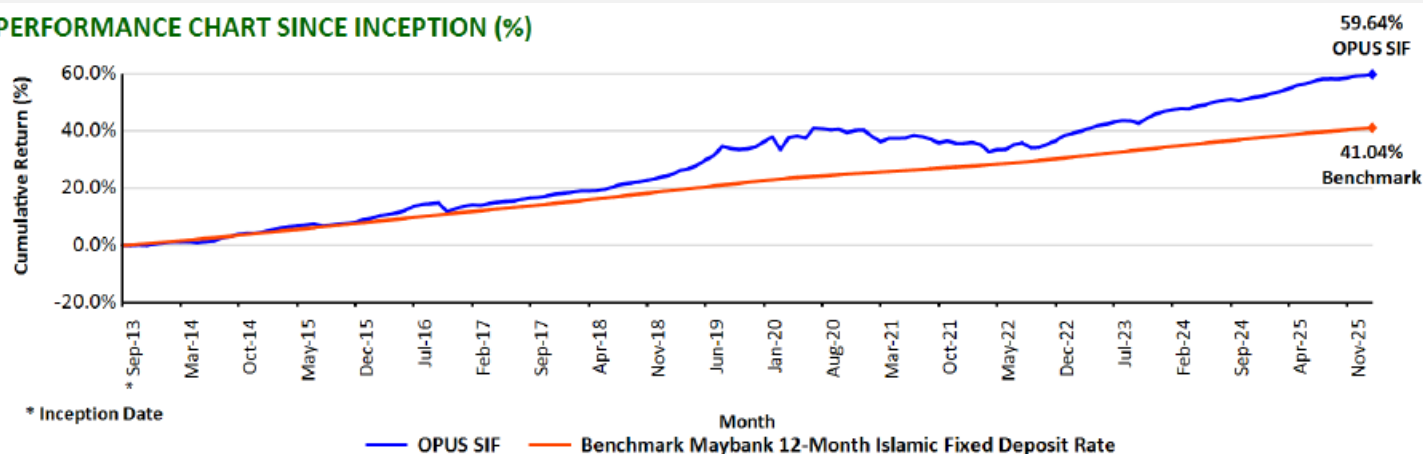
Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia Islamic Bond Fund versus its benchmark:

| %                | YTD  | 1M   | 1-Year | 3-Years | 5-Years | 10-Years | Since Inception |
|------------------|------|------|--------|---------|---------|----------|-----------------|
| <b>Fund*</b>     | 0.41 | 0.27 | 4.44   | 14.74   | 15.63   | 42.37    | 75.63           |
| <b>Benchmark</b> | 0.32 | 0.16 | 2.22   | 7.84    | 12.49   | 30.27    | 57.16           |

\* Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Graph below shows the historical performance of the underlying collective investment schemes (CIS) for the calendar year returns:

### PERFORMANCE CHART SINCE INCEPTION (%)



Source: Opus Asset Management Sdn Bhd

## FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

US outlook optimism is anticipated to be clouded by fiscal fragility as foregone tariff revenue complicates Trump's USD 4.6 trn federal funding bill resulting in potential Treasury glut to backstop the fiscal gap. However, with the outgoing incumbent Fed Chair and incoming Trump-elect Fed President who leaned towards Trump's loose monetary policy, we project US Fed to deliver up to 50 bps of additional cuts through 2026, with timing and pace of the easing contingent upon inflation and labour market trend.

Malaysia's growth trajectory is expected to moderate in 2026, balanced by manageable domestic inflation. Forecast growth in 2026 is expected to be within official projection range of 4.0 – 4.5% YoY reflecting higher growth base effect. We maintain expectations on the OPR to be maintained at 2.75% through 2026.

Domestic sukuk market is expected to exhibit resiliency, underpinned by narrowing yield differentials between the US and Emerging Markets as well as continuing institutional support. Ringgit's dynamics is expected to remain healthy, supported by foreign direct flows, multi-year AI and data centres investment, fiscal consolidation commitments and undemanding local equity valuations.

Given anticipated OPR to be maintained through 2026 with limited rate cut scenario the risk-return profile associated with long-duration positioning likely to be constrained with limited capital appreciation, thereby relying more on income (carry) rather than price gains. Therefore, the incremental return premia from extending the portfolio's exposure to the long-end is not well-compensated with the duration risk. As a result, we maintain our duration range to 4.0 – 5.5 years with an overweight position in high-grade corporate sukuk, trading at a reasonable yield, as part of strategy to balance risks and returns.

## RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

### Market risk

The usual risks of investing and participating in listed and unlisted securities apply to an investment in the units. Prices of securities may go up or down in response to changes in economic conditions, profit rates, and the market's perception of securities. These may cause the price of units to go up or down as the price of units is based on the current market value of the investments of the target fund.

### Fund management risk

The performance of the target fund depends on, amongst other things, the experience and expertise of Opus AM. Poor management of the target fund will jeopardise the investment of the target fund and subsequently, may lead to losses to unit holders. The risk is reduced through the following:

- Implementation of a consistent structured investment process; and
- Establishment and implementation of stringent internal policies and procedures.

**RISKS (CONTINUED)**

|                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <p><b>Non-compliance risk</b></p> | <p>This involves the risk of fraudulent acts or the risk that rules set out in the governing deed or law that govern the target fund's operations or internal policies and procedures are not being complied with (e.g. human and system errors), which may result in loss to the target fund.</p> <p>The risk is reduced through the establishment and implementation of appropriate compliance guidelines and stringent internal control policies.</p>  |
| <p><b>Interest rate risk</b></p>  | <p>Investments in debt securities are subject to the risk of profit rate fluctuations. Prices of debt securities will normally move in the opposite direction of interest rates. A rise or fall in interest rates will cause a fall or rise respectively in prices of debt securities. The target fund may experience a capital loss or gain respectively should the debt securities be sold before maturity.</p> <p>Opus AM adopts a top-down investment approach to ensure a thorough evaluation of macro-economic factors is undertaken in order to form an interest rate view. Opus AM will develop the portfolio maturity structure based on their interest rate view to capitalise on expected movements in interest rates. In addition, it is also intended to have maturity diversification to ensure limited impact on the portfolio value in case of adverse changes in interest rate direction.</p> <p>Note: The interest rate is a general indicator that will have an impact on the management of funds regardless if the target fund is a Shariah fund or otherwise. All the investments carried out for the target fund are Shariah-compliant.</p> |
| <p><b>Equity risk</b></p>         | <p>The target fund is allowed to hold redeemable Sukuk that are convertible into equity. In the event Opus AM chooses to convert the redeemable Sukuk into equity, the target fund will be exposed to equity risk. Equity risk refers to the performance of the equity securities that is much more volatile and difficult to predict as compared to Sukuk. The effect of such volatility and unpredictable performance of the equity securities may have an adverse impact on the target fund's NAV per unit.</p> <p>However, this risk is limited as Opus AM will sell the said equity within 3 months from the date of conversion.</p>   |
| <p><b>Concentration risk</b></p>  | <p>The target fund is susceptible to the concentration risk. As the target fund has no limit restriction for money placements or deposits with any single financial institution, there is a possibility that the target fund may be exposed to a single financial institution. The target fund may also be exposed to a single or group issuer limits if the NAV is RM30 million and below.</p> <p>The concentration risk is managed through the monitoring of credit analysis conducted on financial institutions and issuers.</p>   |
| <p><b>Liquidity risk</b></p>      | <p>Liquidity risk is defined as the ease with which a security can be sold at or near its fair value depending on the volume traded on the market. This risk is more pertinent to Sukuk and Islamic money market instrument of the target fund in view that such investments are generally not as easily liquidated as compared to equities. In the event some of the Sukuks and Islamic money market instruments of the target fund are not actively traded, there is a risk Opus AM may not be able to easily liquidate such investments and as a result, investors may face difficulties in redeeming their units.</p>   |

## RISK (CONTINUED)

### Credit and Default risk

This risk can be referred to:

1. Issuer's creditworthiness

This risk is intrinsic with the target fund's investments in Sukuk and refers to the issuer of the Sukuk's creditworthiness and its expected ability to repay debt. Default happens when the issuer is not able to make timely payments of profit on the coupon payment date or principal repayment on the maturity date. If default happens, this will cause a decline in the value of the defaulted Sukuk and subsequently affect the target fund's NAV per unit.

Opus AM minimises the target fund's credit risk by adopting the following:

- Conducting thorough credit analysis before any investment to ascertain the creditworthiness of different issuers; and
  - Diversifying the portfolio by investing in different issuers, if possible.
2. Financial institutions' creditworthiness
- This risk refers to a financial institution that is a party to the trade or placement contract of the target fund, may default in its payment.

Opus AM minimises the target fund's credit and default risk by conducting a thorough credit analysis on the financial institutions' creditworthiness. With regards to the trading of the target fund's Sukuk, the risk is minimised by dealing only with any financial institution via Real Time Electronic Transfer of Funds and Securities ("RENTAS") system.

### Inflation/Purchasing Power Risk

Inflation can be described as increases of price level of goods and services and is commonly represented using the consumer price index. High inflation reduces the purchasing power of a fixed sum of money. In an inflationary environment, fixed rate securities are exposed to higher inflation risk than inflation-linked securities.

The investor's investment in the target fund may not grow proportionately to the inflation rate. This will then decrease the investor's purchasing power even though the investment in monetary terms may have increased.

Source : Opus Asset Management Sdn Bhd

#### Disclaimer:

This is strictly the performance of the investment fund, and not the returns earned on the actual takaful contributions paid of the investment-linked product. Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of contributions paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.