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FUND OBJECTIVE

To achieve capital appreciation over the medium to long-term by investing in Asia (ex Japan) equities.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY & APPROACH

Please refer to the Master Fund Fact Sheets at https://www.sunlifemalaysia.com/insurance-and-takaful/investment-linked-fund/yearly-fund-fact-sheet/ for more information on the Investment Strategy and Approach for the target fund.

FUND DETAILS				
Launch Date	20 May 2014	Domicile	Malaysia	
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000	
Units in Circulation	14.17 million units (31 October 2025)	Fund Size	RM23.47 million (31 October 2025)	
Unit NAV	RM1.6567 (31 October 2025)	Target Fund	AHAM Select Asia (ex Japan) Quantum Fund (Quantum Fund)	
Fund Manager	AHAM Asset Management Berhad	Taxation	8% of annual investment income	
Performance Benchmark	MSCI AC Asia (ex-Japan) Small Cap Index	Frequency and Basis of Unit Valuation	The unit price is determined daily based on value of the holdings in the target fund, net of expenses, divided by the total number of units in that fund	
Target Market	Suitable for investors: Have a medium to long term investment horizon Are risk tolerance Are seeking higher returns for their investments compared to the performance benchmark	Fund Management Charge	 Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia Select Asia (ex Japan) Quantum Fund Up to 1.5% p.a. of fund management charge is applied on the target fund's NAV by AHAM Asset Management Berhad 	

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND				
Equities	Cash			
Minimum 70% of Net Asset Value (NAV)	Balance of fund			

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SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND				
Industrials	28.70%			
Health Care	23.30%			
Consumer Discretionary	11.80%			
Real Estate	10.00%			
Consumer Staples	7.80%			
Technology	7.20%			
Basic Materials	2.90%			
Financial Services	1.90%			
Energy	1.10%			
Telecommunications	1.20%			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	4.10%			
Total	100.00%			

TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND (EQUITIES)				
Hugel Inc	4.2%			
Southern Score Builders Bhd	3.3%			
Capitaland India Trust	3.3%			
AK Medical Holdings Ltd	3.0%			
Wentel Engineering Hlgs Bhd	2.9%			
Hume Cement Industries Bhd	2.9%			
Spritzer Bhd	2.9%			
Powerwell Holdings Berhad	2.8%			
Frontken Corp Bhd - Warrant	2.8%			
Kinik Company	2.7%			
Total	30.80%			

PERFORMANCE RECORD

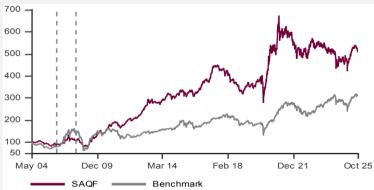
The Fund feeds into AHAM Select Asia (ex Japan) Quantum Fund ("target fund") with the objective of achieving capital appreciation over the medium to long-term by investing in Asia (ex Japan) equities with market capitalization of not more than USD1.5 billion at the time of investment. However, the target fund would also have an option to invest into companies with a market capitalization of not more than USD3.0 billion at the time of investment, which will be capped at no more than 30% of the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the target fund.

Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia Select Asia (ex Japan) Quantum Fund versus its benchmark as at 31 October 2025:

%	YTD	1M	1-Year	3-Years	5-Years	10-Years	Since Inception
Fund*	7.96	-0.04	10.50	8.61	2.10	55.18	65.67
Benchmark	9.90	1.79	8.63	44.47	61.50	65.13	102.61

^{*} Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Below shows the historical performance of the underlying collective investment schemes (CIS) for calendar year returns:



Source: www.morningstar.com

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FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

- US equities closed October on a strong footing, with the S&P 500 rising 2.30% and the tech-heavy Nasdaq jumping 4.70%, supported by easing trade tensions, a solid earnings season, and lower interest rates.
- A milder-than-expected inflation print gave the US Federal Reserve (Fed) confidence to deliver another 25 bps rate cut, bringing the policy rate to 3.75%–4.00% at its FOMC meeting in October.
- Across the region, the MSCI Asia ex-Japan index rose 4.50% in October. Technology-heavy markets led gains with Taiwan and Korea vaulting 9.3% and 19.9% respectively, underpinned by continued optimism around AI and semiconductor supply chain.
- China was the regional laggard, with the MSCI China index declining 4.0%. Investor focus centred on the Fourth Plenum—Beijing's closed-door policy meeting that outlines the country's next 5-year economic agenda. While policy continuity remained clear, with emphasis on advanced manufacturing, innovation, and technology self-sufficiency, policymakers struck a notably more supportive tone toward consumption and the property sector.
- On the domestic front, the KLCI ended October largely unchanged at -0.20%. Sentiment was steady as markets digested key trade development during the ASEAN Summit in Kuala Lumpur, where U.S. President Donald Trump met Prime Minister Datuk Seri Anwar Ibrahim.
- Malaysia signed the Agreement on Reciprocal Trade with the United States, under which up to 1,711 Malaysian export products will enjoy a 0% tariff, including palm oil, rubber, cocoa, pharmaceutical components, and aerospace parts. The US administration also indicated that Malaysia would be given favourable consideration in future semiconductor-related tariff decisions under Section 232, although no details were disclosed.

STRATEGY:

- The fund delivered returns of -0.04% (MYR) in Oct; underperforming its benchmark, the MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Small Cap index, which rose by +1.2% in MYR terms over the same period.
- The funds' relative underperformance was mostly due to our OW in HK & Korea pharma positions. The former was due to President Trumps' plans to impose 100% tariffs on imported/branded pharmaceutical products not manufactured in the US; which caused a selloff in the space. Our Korean toxin positions dragged partly due to this, as well as weaker than expected 3Q results due to intensive domestic competition which resulted in market share loss.
- Contributors for the month include our Malaysian Consumer, Tech & CPO positions, as well as our Philippines gold miner.
- Strategically, the fund slightly increased its weight into Malaysia from 30% to 35% at the expense of India & Thailand.
- The fund remains highly invested with cash levels of around 3-4%.

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RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

Market risk

Market risk refers to the possibility that an investment will lose value because of a general decline in financial markets, due to economic, political and/or other factors, which will result in a decline in the target fund's NAV.

Stock specific risk

Prices of a particular stock may fluctuate in response to the circumstances affecting individual companies such as adverse financial performance, news of a possible merger or loss of key personnel of a company. Any adverse price movements of such stock will adversely affect the target fund's NAV.

Credit and default

Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the issuers of the debentures or money market instruments (hereinafter referred to as "investment") and their expected ability to make timely payment of interest and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuers may impact the value as well as liquidity of the investment. In the case of rated investment, this may lead to a credit downgrade. Default risk relates to the risk of an issuer of the investment either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the investment. This could adversely affect the value of the target fund.

Interest rate risk

This risk refers to the impact of interest rate changes on the valuation of debentures or money market instruments (hereinafter referred to as "investment"). When interest rates rise, the investment prices generally decline and this may lower the market value of the investment. The reverse may apply when interest rates fall.

Warrants investment risk

The value of the warrants will depend on the pricing of the underlying security, whereby the growth and performance prospect of the underlying security would consequentially affect the value of the warrants. In addition, the value of the warrants may decrease exponentially as the warrants approach its maturity date and the potential gains from a favourable price movement of the underlying security may be offset by aggressive time decay. We may consider unwinding these warrants if there are material adverse changes to its value with the aim to mitigate the risk.

Country risk

Investments of the target fund in any country may be affected by changes in the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the target fund invests. For example, the deteriorating economic condition of such countries may adversely affect the value of the investments undertaken by the target fund in those affected countries. This in turn may cause the NAV of the target fund or prices of units to fall.

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RISKS (CONTINUED)

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

Currency risk

As the investments of the target fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between the base currency and the currencies in which the investments are denominated may have an impact on the value of these investments. You should note that any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment.

Currency risk at the target fund level

The impact of the exchange rate movement between the base currency of the target fund and the currency of the underlying investments (other than in MYR) may result in a depreciation of the value of the investments as expressed in the base currency of the target fund.

Regulatory risk

The investments of the target fund would be exposed to changes in the laws and regulations in the countries the target fund is invested in. These regulatory changes pose a risk to the target fund as it may materially impact the investments of the target fund. In an effort to manage and mitigate such risk, the fund manager seeks to continuously keep abreast of regulatory developments (for example, by closely monitoring announcements on regulators' website and mainstream media) in that country. The fund manager may dispose its investments in that particular country should the regulatory changes adversely impact the policy owners' interest or diminish returns of the target fund.

Source : AHAM Asset Management Berhad

Date : 31 October 2025

Disclaimer:

This is strictly the performance of the investment fund, and not the returns earned on the actual premiums paid of the investment-linked product. Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.