

Sun Life Malaysia Balanced Stable Fund September 2014

FUND OBJECTIVE

To provide a mixed exposure into equities and bonds, with higher allocation in bonds

FUND DETAILS				
Launch Date	20 October 2008			
Domicile	Malaysia			
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia			
Launch Price	RM1.0000			
Units in Circulation	2.33 million units (30 September 2014)			
Fund Size	RM 3.14 million (30 September 2014)			
Unit NAV	RM 1.3476 (30 September 2014)			
Dealing	Daily (as per Bursa Malaysia trading day)			
Fund Manager	CIMB-Principal Asset Management Bhd			
Benchmark	25% FBM100 + 75% 12 month FD			
Risk Profile	Suitable for investors:			
	 Want a diversified portfolio in equities but higher exposure in bonds 			
	 Prefer less volatile performance and want slightly higher gains than bond return 			
Fees	Management Fee: 1.125% p.a.			
	Switching Fee: 3 free fund switches			

ASSET ALLOCATION

Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund	75%
Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund	25%

per policy year

WHERE THE FUND INVESTS					
Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund	75.07%				
Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund	24.93%				
Cash	-				
Total	100.00%				

NAV TO NAV

%	MTD	YTD	1-Year	3-Year	Since Inception
Fund*	0.20	1.54	3.58	13.55	35.87
Benchmark	0.05	1.62	3.39	15.75	40.87

*Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance which may differ. The fund performance is not guaranteed.

FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

The Fund gained 0.20% in September 2014, outperforming the benchmark by 0.15%. On a year-to-date ("YTD") basis, the Fund has underperformed the benchmark by 0.08%.

There is a sense of uneasiness in global markets as investors fret about slowing economic growth. In the United States, the Manufacturing Index has dipped to 56.6 in September from a peak of 59 the previous month. The Eurozone Markit Manufacturing Purchasing Managers Index ("PMI") is hovering at 50.3, just above 50, below which would indicate contraction in activity. It is the same in China (at 50.2) and Japan (51.7). Meanwhile, the price of West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") Crude (USD90.73) is at a 9-month low possibly portending a slowdown. However, this is to be expected under a "new normal" slow growth scenario. It also implies that Central Banks will remain supportive. Interest rates will rise very slowly and only when economic growth enters a sustainable phase.

For equities, consensus 2014 earnings per share ("EPS") growth have been downgraded to 0.5% growth. And 2015 earnings growth is now at 8.8%, down from 10.3% at the end of August. As a result, price earnings ratios ("PER") for 2014 and 2015 are at 16.6 and 15.2 respectively. The market remains overvalued for 2014. But we still expect the market to inch up towards our end 2014 target of 1920 as the year-end approaches on window dressing activities. We maintain our equity allocation band at 85-95% and continue to prefer stocks with high earnings growth but selling at reasonable valuations. We will take the opportunity afforded by this correction to add to our exposure in selected stocks including small caps. For fixed income, we continue to concentrate mainly on corporate bonds. We prefer primary and secondary issues that have already priced in the risks going forward such as potential overnight policy rate ("OPR") hike and the alignment of sovereign yields. We also prefer higher coupon bonds to cushion the impact of increasing yields.

Disclaimer:

The benchmark performance is not a guide to future performances which may differ. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance on the underlying investment.