

# Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund

January 2014

## FUND OBJECTIVE

To maximize capital growth over the medium to long term through the stock market

FUND DETAILS			
Launch Date	20 October 2008		
Domicile	Malaysia		
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia		
Launch Price	RM1.0000		
Units in Circulation	13.22million units (31 January 2014)		
Fund Size	RM 32.63 million (31 January 2014)		
Unit NAV	RM 2.4690 (31 January 2014)		
Dealing	Daily (as per Bursa Malaysia trading day)		
Fund Manager	CIMB-Principal Asset Management Bhd		
Benchmark	FBM100		
Risk Profile	<ul> <li>Suitable for investors:</li> <li>With a medium to long term investment horizon</li> <li>Seek maximum capital appreciation</li> <li>Do not require regular income</li> <li>Comfortable with higher volatility</li> <li>Willing to take higher risk for potential higher gains</li> </ul>		
Fees	<ul> <li>Management Fee: 1.500% p.a.</li> <li>Switching Fee: 3 free fund switches per policy year</li> </ul>		

### ASSET ALLOCATION

Equity Minimum 75% - 98%	Cash	Up to 25%
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WHERE THE FUND INVESTS					
Construction	3.76%	Properties	0.75%		
Consumer Products	1.74%	Trading Services	47.90%		
Finance	0.87%	REIT	-		
Industrial Products	19.51%	Technology	-		
IPC	12.88%	Cash	3.76%		
Plantation	4.87%	Total	100.00%		

#### **TOP 10 HOLDINGS**

Public Bank Bhd - Local	7.66%
Tenaga Nasional Bhd	6.82%
Maxis Bhd	6.20%
Axiata Group Bhd	5.42%
Digi.com Bhd	5.24%
Petronas Dagangan Bhd	4.77%
Petronas Gas Bhd	4.65%
Malayan Banking Bhd	3.92%
Sapura-Kencana Petroleum Bhd	3.08%
Dialog Group Bhd	2.97%



#### NAV TO NAV 140% 120% 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% -20% Since YTD 1 Year 3 Years Inception Sun Life Malaysia Growth -2.75% 18.24% 30.30% 146.90% Fund -3.28% 11.49% 19.53% 123.65% Benchmark

#### FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

The Fund fell 2.75% in January 2014, but outperformed the benchmark by 0.53%.

The recent sell-down in Emerging Markets was initially prompted by Federal Reserve tapering of its QE program. That has, however, evolved into "growth fears" upon release of China's Manufacturing PMI which fell from 51.0 in December to 50.5 in January 2014 and the US ISM Manufacturing Index which fell from 56.5 in December to 51.3 over the same months. The FBM KLCI plunged 3.37% in January. The US PMI could have been distorted by the cold weather enveloping much of the US Mid-West and East. If so, we should see a recovery over the next few months. We maintain our view of a synchronized global recovery in 2014. US 10-year Treasury yields have fallen to 2.6% lately on a flight to safety. The risk of a MGS sell-down has abated somewhat. The market 2015 PER has fallen 14.6x in December to 14.1x, although it is still at 15.5x for 2014. (The average for the last five years is at 14.5x.) EPS growth is lower at 7.4% for 2014 (previously: 8.0%) and 9.7% for 2015 (unchanged). We look forward to an earnings upgrades in the 2nd Half of 2014. We maintain our yearend target of 1920 based on 2015 PER of 15x.

For equities, we prefer growth stocks with the potential for earnings upgrade that trade at reasonable valuations. We are overweight in the utilities, telecommunications and oil & gas sectors.

#### Disclaimer:

The benchmark performance is not a guide to future performances which may differ. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance on the underlying investment.