# Sun Life Malaysia Equity Income Fund

October 2021



## **FUND OBJECTIVE**

To provide investors with an opportunity to gain consistent and stable income by investing in a diversified portfolio of dividend yielding equities and fixed income securities. The Fund may also provide moderate capital growth potential over the medium to long-term period.

FUND DETAILS					
Launch Date	20 May 2014	Domicile	Malaysia		
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000		
Units in Circulation	5.84 million units (29 October 2021)	Fund Size	RM9.98 million (29 October 2021)		
Unit NAV	RM1.7097 (29 October 2021)	Dealing	Daily (as per Bursa Malaysia trading day)		
Fund Manager	Principal Asset Management Bhd	Target Fund	Principal Titans Income Plus Fund		
Benchmark	50% FBM100 Index + 50% MSCI AC Asia ex-Japan Index	Taxation	8% of annual investment income		
Risk Profile	<ul> <li>Suitable for investors:</li> <li>Have a medium to long-term investment horizon</li> <li>Target capital appreciation</li> <li>Do not require regular income</li> <li>Comfortable with higher volatility</li> <li>Willing to take higher risk for potential higher gains</li> </ul>	Fees	<ul> <li>Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia Equity Income Fund.</li> <li>Up to 1.5% per annum of fund management charge is applied on the target fund's NAV by Principal Asset Management Berhad.</li> </ul>		

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND				
Equities (Foreign)	Equities (Local)	Cash		
46.00%	44.70%	9.30%		

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SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND				
Financials	21.34%			
Communication Services	13.59%			
Information Technology	12.39%			
Consumer Discretionary	12.36%			
Industrials	10.21%			
Materials	8.59%			
Health Care	4.19%			
Energy	3.51%			
Consumer Staples	2.85%			
Real Estate	1.68%			
Cash	9.30%			
Total	100.00%			

TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND			
SEA LTD (United States)	5.25%		
CIMB Group Hldgs Bhd (Malaysia)	5.12%		
Genting Bhd (Malaysia)	5.02%		
Taiwan Semiconducter Manuf (Taiwan)	4.90%		
LG Chem Ltd (South Korea)	3.31%		
Inari Amertron Bhd (Malaysia)	3.11%		
United Overseas Bank Ltd (Singapore)	2.89%		
Press Metal Aluminium Hldg Bhd (Malaysia)	2.85%		
Tencent Hldg Ltd (Hong Kong)	2.83%		
Hong Leong Bank Bhd (Malaysia)	2.59%		
Total	37.87%		

## PERFORMANCE RECORD

This fund feeds into Principal Titans Income Plus Fund ("target fund") with the objective to provide investors with an opportunity to gain consistent and stable income by investing in a diversified portfolio of dividend yielding equities and fixed income securities. The Fund may also provide moderate capital growth potential over the medium to long-term period.

Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia Equity Income Fund versus its benchmark as at 29 October 2021:

%	YTD	1M	6M	1-Year	3-Years	5-Years	Since Inception
Fund*	5.83	1.57	0.45	15.97	36.41	53.75	70.97
Benchmark	-1.56	0.99	-4.72	9.19	15.81	21.04	31.07

<sup>\*</sup> Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance which may differ. The fund performance is not guaranteed.

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#### **FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS**

For the month, the fund rose +1.57% in MYR terms, outperforming the benchmark by +58bps. The outperformance of the month was driven by Information Technology, Communication Services and Health Care.

FBMKLCI rebounded 1.6% from the September sell-off. Further relaxation of movement controls spurred reopening plays further.

Malaysia's manufacturing PMI rose further to 52.2pts in October, the strongest expansion since April. Production and new order volumes also recorded its first increase in six months, aided by lifting of movement restrictions. The market currently trades at 15.5x forward PE which is below the 10-year historical mean of 16.5x, with an attractive dividend yield of almost 4%.

The one-off broad-based Prosperity Tax hurts corporate earnings in 2022 and dents investor sentiment in the near-term but it does not derail the recovery. In our opinion, the recent sell-off presents an opportunity to reposition into reopening plays, laggards, as well as sectors with structural or secular growth stories. Thus, we continue to remain constructive on Financial, cyclical themes such as Consumer Discretionary. We continue to overweight selective Technology companies.

Asia: The MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex Japan Index rebounded by 1.7% in USD terms in October, with strong performances from Indonesia and Singapore, while Korea was the worst performing market.

In Asia, the governments should continue to be accommodative in their monetary policies to support growth. As the vaccination rates in Asia are rapidly rising, we expect the Asian economies to reopen progressively. We expect the growth leadership to shift from the Developed to Asia markets by early 2022. By then, the noise from regulations in China should have abated as well. We maintain our view that fund flows are more likely to move to Asia since valuation is more attractive with relatively stronger earnings growth in 2022, compared to Developed markets.

We are cautiously optimistic about Asian equities over a 12-month horizon. We maintain focus on quality companies which are long term winners, or benefit from structural changes in their respective industries through market share gain. We also prefer companies with pricing power to overcome cost pressures and quality growth companies.

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## **RISKS**

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

#### Stock specific risk

Prices of a particular stock may fluctuate in response to the circumstances affecting individual companies such as adverse financial performance, news of a possible merger or loss of key personnel of a company. Any adverse price movements of such stock will adversely affect the target fund's NAV.

## Credit and default risk

The target fund will be exposed to a certain degree of credit and default risk of issuers or counterparties when the target fund invests in debt securities, money market instruments and/or place deposits. Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the securities issuers or counterparties and their expected ability to make timely payment of interest and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuers or counterparties may impact the value as well as liquidity of the investments. In the case of rated debt securities, this may lead to a credit downgrade. Default risk relates to the risk that a securities issuer or counterparty either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the investments. This could adversely affect the value of the target fund. We aim to mitigate this risk by performing bottom-up and top-down credit research and analysis to determine the creditworthiness of its issuers or counterparties, and impose investment limits on exposures for issuers or counterparties with different credit profiles as a precautionary step to limit any loss that may arise directly or indirectly as a result of a defaulted transaction.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the impact of interest rate changes on the valuation of debt instruments and money market instruments. When interest rates rise, debt instruments and money market instruments prices generally decline and this may lower the market value of the target fund's investment in debt instruments and money market instruments. In managing the debt instruments, we take into account the coupon rate and time to maturity of the debt instruments with an aim to mitigate the interest rate risk. As for money market instruments, the typical tenor of these instruments are less than 12-month maturity and unlike debt instrument, any change to interest rate will only have a minor impact to the prices of these instruments.

## **Country risk**

Investments of the target fund in any country may be affected by changes in the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the target fund invests in. For example, the deteriorating economic condition of such countries may adversely affect the value of the investments undertaken by the target fund in those affected countries. This in turn may cause the NAV of the target fund or price of units to fall.

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## **Currency risk**

As the investments of the target fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency of the target fund, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between the base currency of the target fund and the currencies in which the investments are denominated may have an impact on the value of these investments. You should be aware that if the currencies in which the investments are denominated depreciate against the base currency of the target fund, this will have an adverse effect on the NAV of the target fund in the base currency of the target fund and vice versa. You should note that any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment.

# Risk of investing in emerging markets

In comparison with investments in the developed markets, investment in emerging markets may involve a higher degree of risk due to the greater possibility of political or economic instability and societal tensions. Emerging markets are markets that are, by definition, "in a state of transition" and are therefore exposed to rapid political change and economic declines. The securities in the emerging markets may face a higher risk of price drop while the exchange rates in these emerging markets are generally more volatile than those of developed markets. As such, you should be aware that investments in emerging markets may subject to higher price volatility and therefore will tend to have a higher investment risk that will affect the target fund's growth. We attempt to mitigate these risks through active asset allocation management and diversification across different countries and sectors, in addition to our continuous bottom-up and top-down research and analysis.

#### Risks associated with investment in warrants

There are inherent risks associated with investment in warrants. The value of warrants is influenced by the current market price of the underlying security, the exercise price of the contract, the time to expiration of the contract and the estimate of the future volatility of the underlying security's price over the life of the contract. Generally, the erosion in value of warrants accelerates as it approaches its expiry date. Like securities, we will undertake fundamental research and analysis on these instruments with an aim to mitigate its risks.

Source : Principal Asset Management Bhd

Date : 29 October 2021

#### Disclaimer:

The benchmark performance is not a guide to future performances which may differ. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.