

# Sun Life Malaysia Asia Pacific Equity Fund

November 2022



## FUND OBJECTIVE

Aims to achieve long-term capital appreciation and income while complying with Shariah investment criteria, through investments in the emerging and developed markets of Asia Pacific ex Japan region.

## FUND DETAILS

Launch Date	13 February 2015	Domicile	Malaysia
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000
Units in Circulation	10.08 million units (30 November 2022)	Fund Size	RM14.74 million (30 November 2022)
Unit NAV	RM1.4616 (30 November 2022)	Dealing	Daily (as per Bursa Malaysia trading day)
Fund Manager	Principal Asset Management Bhd	Target Fund	Principal Islamic Asia Pacific Dynamic Equity Fund
Benchmark	MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Islamic Index	Taxation	8% of annual investment income
Risk Profile	<p>Suitable for investors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Have a long-term investment horizon</li> <li>▪ Want a portfolio of investments that adhere to Shariah principles</li> <li>▪ Want a well-diversified portfolio of Asia Pacific ex Japan regional equities</li> <li>▪ Seek capital appreciation over long-term</li> </ul>	Fees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia Asia Pacific Equity Fund.</li> <li>▪ Up to 1.8% pa fund management charge is applied on the target fund's NAV by Principal Asset Management Bhd.</li> </ul>

## ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

Equity	Collective Investments	Cash
93.46%	0.75%	5.79%

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SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND	
Information Technology	31.86%
Energy	13.96%
Industrials	10.48%
Materials	9.51%
Consumer Discretionary	7.17%
Others	5.90%
Health Care	5.15%
Communication Services	5.12%
Consumer Staples	5.06%
Cash	5.79%
Total	100.00%

TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND	
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd (South Korea)	9.11%
Reliance Industries Ltd (India)	8.04%
SK Hynix Inc (South Korea)	7.22%
Samsung Electronics - PFD (South Korea)	5.68%
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing (Taiwan)	4.00%
LG Chem Ltd (South Korea)	3.56%
Shell PLC (United Kingdom)	3.47%
Container Corp of India Ltd (India)	2.69%
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd (Cayman Islands)	2.26%
Tencent Holding Ltd (Hongkong)	2.20%
Total	48.23%

## PERFORMANCE RECORD

This fund feeds into Principal Islamic Asia Pacific Dynamic Equity Fund ("target fund") with the objective to achieve long-term capital appreciation and income while complying with Shariah investment criteria, through investments in the emerging and developed markets of Asia Pacific ex Japan region.

Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia Asia Pacific Equity Fund versus its benchmark as at 30 November 2022:

%	YTD	1M	6M	1-Year	3-Years	5-Years	Since Inception
<b>Fund*</b>	-16.59	3.72	-8.89	-15.55	20.26	14.64	46.16
<b>Benchmark</b>	-12.34	6.88	-6.41	-9.68	15.53	9.12	56.25

\* Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

**Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance which may differ. The fund performance is not guaranteed.**

#### FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

During the month, the Fund increased by 3.72% in MYR terms, underperforming the benchmark by 316 basis points (bps). Sentiment improved markedly after US inflation came in lower than expected and China unexpectedly loosened its approach towards zero-Covid. Year-to-date, the Fund declined 16.59%, underperforming the benchmark by 425bps.

While the Fed will continue to tighten its monetary policy into 2023, the pace and magnitude of rate increase is expected to slow down. The futures market is currently implying a further 100bps rate hike up till March 2023 and thereafter to decline. Much of its trajectory would depend on the inflation rate, which has started to come in lower than expected in its recent data. Post the congress meeting, more signs are emerging regarding China's reopening and approach towards zero-Covid, e.g., commentary by government officials that it will be entering a new phase with the Omicron variant weakening. Several major cities have subsequently loosened restrictions such as that observed in Shenzhen and Shanghai. Furthermore, there are signs of improving policies with regards to the internet and property sector, providing a much-needed repair to these key sectors. We remain stock selective in China, favoring reopening plays and beneficiaries of policy tailwinds.

We remain fully invested and diversified across sectors and geographies. During the month, we added technology hardware names where there is some form of expectations bottoming in 1H23. We funded these purchases by trimming selected defensive stocks that have held up well.

## RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

<b>Stock specific risk</b>	Prices of a particular stock may fluctuate in response to the circumstances affecting individual companies such as adverse financial performance, news of a possible merger or loss of key personnel of a company. Any adverse price movements of such stock will adversely affect the target fund's NAV.
<b>Country risk</b>	Investments of the target fund in any country may be affected by changes in the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the target fund invests. For example, the deteriorating economic condition of such countries may adversely affect the value of the investments undertaken by the target fund in those affected countries. This in turn may cause the NAV of the target fund or price of units to fall.
<b>Currency risk</b>	As the investments of the target fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency of the target fund, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between the base currency of the target fund and the currencies in which the investments are denominated may have an impact on the value of these investments. You should be aware that if the currencies in which the investments are denominated depreciate against the base currency of the target fund, this will have an adverse effect on the NAV of the target fund in the base currency of the target fund and vice versa. You should note that any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment.
<b>Risks associated with investment in warrants and/or options</b>	There are inherent risks associated with investment in warrants and/or options. The value of warrants and/or options are influenced by the current market price of the underlying security, the exercise price of the contract, the time to expiration of the contract and the estimate of the future volatility of the underlying security's price over the life of the contract. Generally, the erosion in value of Shariah-compliant warrants accelerates as it approaches its expiry date. Like securities, Principal will undertake fundamental research and analysis on these instruments with an aim to mitigate its risks.
<b>Credit/Default risk</b>	The target fund will be exposed to a certain degree of credit and default risk of issuers or counterparties when the target fund invests in Sukuk and/or place Islamic deposits. Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the securities issuers or counterparties and their expected ability to make timely payment of profit and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuers or counterparties may impact the value as well as liquidity of the investments. In the case of rated Sukuk, this may lead to a credit downgrade. Default risk relates to the risk that a securities issuer or counterparty either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the investments. This could adversely affect the value of the target fund. Principal aims to mitigate this risk by performing bottom-up and top-down credit research and analysis to determine the creditworthiness of its issuers or counterparties, and impose investment limits on exposures for issuers or counterparties with different credit profiles as a precautionary step to limit any loss that may arise directly or indirectly as a result of a defaulted transaction.

**RISKS (CONTINUED)**

**Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk refers to the impact of interest rate changes on the valuation of Sukuk and Islamic money market instruments. When interest rates rise, Sukuk and Islamic money market instruments' prices generally decline and this may lower the market and Islamic money market instruments. In managing the Sukuk, Principal takes into account the coupon rate and time to maturity of the Sukuk with an aim to mitigate the interest rate risk. As for Islamic money market instruments, the typical tenor of these instruments are less than 12-month maturity and unlike Sukuk, any change to interest rate will only have a minor impact to the prices of these instruments.

Note: Please note that although Sukuk is a non-interest bearing instrument, its price movement is correlated to the movement in the interest rates. As such, investment in Sukuk will have an exposure to the movement of the interest rates. Even though the target fund does not invest in interest bearing instruments, the interest rate referred herein is to the general interest rate of the country, which may affect the value of the investment of the target fund.

**Risk associated with investing in CIS**

Since the target fund may invest into Islamic CIS, there is a risk of concentration into Islamic CIS, in which the Islamic CIS's management company has absolute discretion over the Islamic CIS's investment technique and knowledge, operational controls and management. In the event of mismanagement of the Islamic CIS and/or the management company, the NAV of the target fund, which invests into those Islamic CIS would be affected negatively. Should the situation arise, Principal will seek for another Islamic CIS that is consistent with the objective of the target fund.

Source : *Principal Asset Management Bhd*

Date : *30 November 2022*

**Disclaimer:**

The benchmark performance is not a guide to future performances which may differ. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.

Although Sun Life Malaysia Asia Pacific Equity Fund invests in Shariah-approved securities, the investment-linked insurance plan itself is not classified as a Shariah-compliant product.